

NEWS, NAVY AND SOCIAL ACTIVITIES

Social Activities of Posts and Navy Yards Told in Dispatches Cannot Depend Upon Arbitration for Settlement of Disputes

"Much of the enthusiasm for such arbitration adjustments of international disputes as those of The Hague may be traced to the belief of many sincere people that since individuals do not settle their differences by fighting, but through courts of justice, the same solution may be found for nations in a court of all nations," says the Army and Navy Journal. "The flaw in their reasoning is due to their failure to discriminate between individuals and nations. The individual acknowledges his subordination to the state, his citizenship carries with it a recognition of the supremacy of the laws of the Commonwealth over his own desires and wishes; in other words, he is limited and bound by the laws of the State.

"But when nations are considered no such limitations are discoverable. No nation yields to any other nation any part of its sovereignty. Each country claims to be the equal of any and all others, and though each individual citizen in a republic is the equal of every other citizen before the law, he does not venture to place his wishes above the collective desire. Therein lies the distinction.

"No nation will always be ready to yield its individual desires to the collective judgment of the other nations. It may be too small to oppose the pressure of a group of larger nations as in the case of the Balkan states or as when the United States, through Commodore Perry, forced the opening of the ports of Japan to the trade of the western world. But when a nation is powerful, the attempt to secure it has proved too large an undertaking for the nations willing to engage in it. If Japan had been as strong fifty years ago as she is today the western nations would have shied at the attempt to employ compulsion.

"The faculty of opposition to judicial decision and the organized force of a state suppresses the individual with the wisdom of obeying the mandate of a court, but in a powerful nation, like one of the great powers of Europe, should object to a decision of a world court even in a matter of such relatively minor importance as the assertion of a fishing privilege, would the other nations composing the court feel themselves justified in going to war to make good the edict of the court?"

District Rifle Team Fifth.

The District of Columbia ranked fifth in class A in the national rifle competition at the end of December, according to statistics made public yesterday by the National Board for the Promotion of Rifle Practice, a branch of the War Department.

The rifle shoots, now being held under the direction of the National Rifle Association of America, are conducted separately in various cities scattered throughout the country, results being sent to Washington where the scores are recorded and standings ascertained.

The rifle team from the District had won two matches and lost none at the end of December. Its aggregate score was 1,554, giving a percentage of 38. The scores of the individual members of the team in the recent match with the Manchester, N. H., Hampshire Rifle and Pistol Club were: C. E. Groome, 138; J. R. Quade, 136; E. H. Gerber, 135; R. Alderman, 134; and Frank J. Kahre, 132. This gave a total of 683, as compared with a total score of 961 made by the winning team.

The standing of the teams in class A was in the following order: Bridgeport, Conn.; Peters, Warren, District of Columbia; Riverside, Birmingham, Manassas, Bickerton, Adams, Stillwater, and Boston. The standing of the class B teams was: Bannock, Marion, First Missouri, Watertown, Hooking, Youngtown, Milwaukee, Chicago, and New York. The standing of the class C clubs was: Buffalo, Watertown, Hudson, New Haven, Salt Lake, Kane, Auburn, Louisville, Tucson, Fayette and Summa.

Good offers a great field for future supplies of aluminum. There are great deposits of bauxite and bauxite from which aluminum is derived.

Criticism Local Militia.

The District Naval Militia has unqualified officers and an abnormal number of rated men and is incapable of rendering efficient service on board a man-of-war, according to Capt. C. S. Williams, U. S. N., commander of the U. S. S. Rhode Island, which took the local militia sailors on their annual cruise last summer.

The caustic criticism of the local militia is voiced in a report on the cruise by Capt. Williams, embodied in a booklet on "Naval Militia Cruises" just compiled by Commander F. B. Bassett, jr., chief of the division of naval militia affairs.

Not only is the militia inefficient, declares Capt. Williams, but members of the organization manifested a general indifference toward their work and tried repeatedly to shirk duty. He added that most of the militiamen evidently went on the cruise to get a pleasant summer vacation at the expense of Uncle Sam, and not to learn to be more efficient sailors.

Officers Unqualified.

"The organization, discipline, attention to duty, attention to uniforms, and general knowledge of naval work in the District organization was, in general, fair," reads the report. "This organization reported prior to the cruise that 120 enlisted men were expected to participate, whereas 174 came on board. This fact, in connection with incidents which came to notice during the cruise created the impression that this organization did not take its military duties as seriously as some of the others and that many of its members looked upon the cruise in the nature of an outing. There appeared to be a large number of men who held ratings for which they were not qualified and there was an abnormal number of rated men. For instance, in an organization numbering 174 men and twelve officers, there were nineteen yeomen. The hospital corps contained two hospital stewards and seven hospital apprentices, first class, besides four hospital apprentices. The organization contains good material, but, to judge from the showing made on the cruise, I do not consider it ready, as a whole, to go on board a man-of-war and render efficient service.

"During the first cruise great difficulty was experienced in getting the watch on deck at night, and as far as the North Carolina and District of Columbia militia were concerned, the task eventually was practically given up as hopeless. In this connection it should be noted that there are not nearly enough billets for the ships' regular complement, and with the excess number of men on board during these cruises several hundred men slept where they best could. However, it was apparent that on the part of many of the men of the two organizations mentioned there was a deliberate disposition to avoid night watches, and the officers of the organizations failed to correct it. This lack did not much matter on deck, where there were sufficient men in the ship's force to meet ordinary emergencies. In the engine department the lack was seriously felt both day and night when the ship was under way, as a considerable number of the ship's firemen and coal passers had been transferred prior to the cruise to make room for the militiamen. Pursuant to the department's orders, a number of sentry posts were established during each cruise, and here the same indifference was manifested on the part of the North Carolina and District of Columbia militia. The result of the training and the difference between their conception of attention to duty and that of the men of the other organizations could be more readily marked, as the posts were comparatively few in number and were under observation continuously or were visited at short intervals.

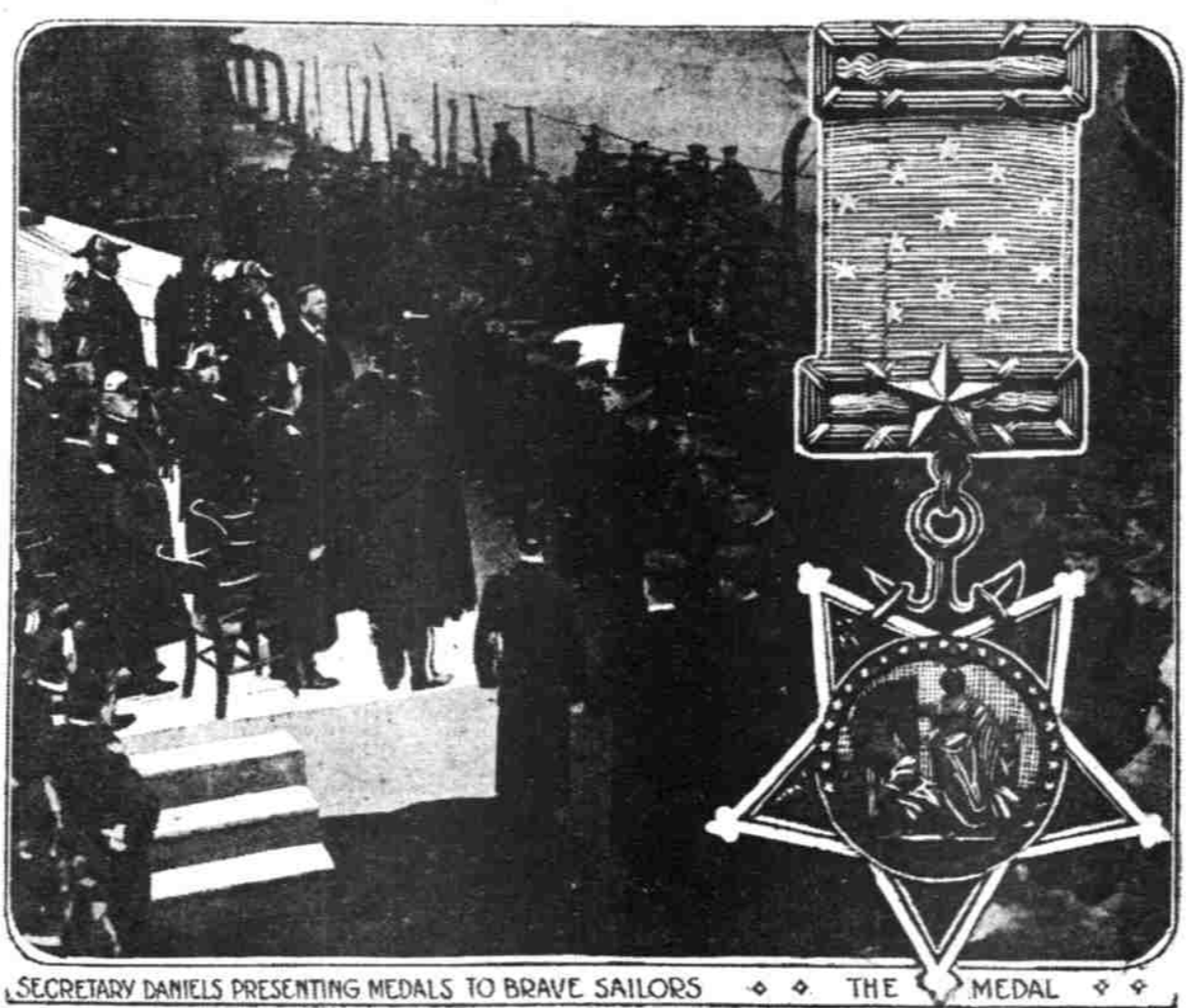
Training Beneficial.

"The training and experience had by the militia was undoubtedly very beneficial. Many of the militia officers voluntarily so stated, and it was apparent to all who had had militia under observation that the possible educational value of the cruises was much depreciated because of the large number of militia on board during each cruise. As has been stated above, it was necessary for the cruises to handle such large detachments of strangers, to preserve the naval militia organization to a certain extent, and to this extent their relation to the ship's organization was artificial. They might as well not be on board, as the amount of actual experience in the duties of men-of-war, and they probably received false impressions regarding organization, routine, and methods with which they would be expected to have an acquaintance if mustered into the navy.

"There is little doubt that the cruises to foreign waters would have been of more value than would have been the case had the cruises offered fewer attractions. There are considerable grounds for suspicion that they attracted men whose interest in militia affairs was confined to the opportunity for a pleasant vacation at government expense.

"It is evident from the experience with nearly all, if not all the organizations which made these cruises that men are given ratings for which they have no qualifications. Also, if the proportion of petty officers to unrated men on this cruise is at all comparable to the proportion in the organization as a whole some organizations must be top-heavy with rated men.

SECRETARY DANIELS PRESENTS MEDALS TO SAILORS FOR BRAVERY AT VERA CRUZ



SECRETARY DANIELS PRESENTING MEDALS TO BRAVE SAILORS. THE MEDAL.

With bare head, in a gray mist that enshrouded the super-Dreadnought Florida, Josephus Daniels, Secretary of the Navy, stood on the quarter deck of the great ship at the Brooklyn Navy Yard and presented medals of honor to each of thirteen sailors for extraordinary heroism in the line of his profession during the seizure of Vera Cruz, Mexico, on April 21, 1914. The medals were awarded to the recipients by the Secretary, who told the recipients that the medals were awarded to them for their bravery in the line of their profession during the seizure of Vera Cruz, Mexico, on April 21, 1914. The medals were awarded to the recipients by the Secretary, who told the recipients that the medals were awarded to them for their bravery in the line of their profession during the seizure of Vera Cruz, Mexico, on April 21, 1914.

With bare head, in a gray mist that enshrouded the super-Dreadnought Florida, Josephus Daniels, Secretary of the Navy, stood on the quarter deck of the great ship at the Brooklyn Navy Yard and presented medals of honor to each of thirteen sailors for extraordinary heroism in the line of his profession during the seizure of Vera Cruz, Mexico, on April 21, 1914. The medals were awarded to the recipients by the Secretary, who told the recipients that the medals were awarded to them for their bravery in the line of their profession during the seizure of Vera Cruz, Mexico, on April 21, 1914.

With bare head, in a gray mist that enshrouded the super-Dreadnought Florida, Josephus Daniels, Secretary of the Navy, stood on the quarter deck of the great ship at the Brooklyn Navy Yard and presented medals of honor to each of thirteen sailors for extraordinary heroism in the line of his profession during the seizure of Vera Cruz, Mexico, on April 21, 1914. The medals were awarded to the recipients by the Secretary, who told the recipients that the medals were awarded to them for their bravery in the line of their profession during the seizure of Vera Cruz, Mexico, on April 21, 1914.

With bare head, in a gray mist that enshrouded the super-Dreadnought Florida, Josephus Daniels, Secretary of the Navy, stood on the quarter deck of the great ship at the Brooklyn Navy Yard and presented medals of honor to each of thirteen sailors for extraordinary heroism in the line of his profession during the seizure of Vera Cruz, Mexico, on April 21, 1914. The medals were awarded to the recipients by the Secretary, who told the recipients that the medals were awarded to them for their bravery in the line of their profession during the seizure of Vera Cruz, Mexico, on April 21, 1914.

With bare head, in a gray mist that enshrouded the super-Dreadnought Florida, Josephus Daniels, Secretary of the Navy, stood on the quarter deck of the great ship at the Brooklyn Navy Yard and presented medals of honor to each of thirteen sailors for extraordinary heroism in the line of his profession during the seizure of Vera Cruz, Mexico, on April 21, 1914. The medals were awarded to the recipients by the Secretary, who told the recipients that the medals were awarded to them for their bravery in the line of their profession during the seizure of Vera Cruz, Mexico, on April 21, 1914.

With bare head, in a gray mist that enshrouded the super-Dreadnought Florida, Josephus Daniels, Secretary of the Navy, stood on the quarter deck of the great ship at the Brooklyn Navy Yard and presented medals of honor to each of thirteen sailors for extraordinary heroism in the line of his profession during the seizure of Vera Cruz, Mexico, on April 21, 1914. The medals were awarded to the recipients by the Secretary, who told the recipients that the medals were awarded to them for their bravery in the line of their profession during the seizure of Vera Cruz, Mexico, on April 21, 1914.

With bare head, in a gray mist that enshrouded the super-Dreadnought Florida, Josephus Daniels, Secretary of the Navy, stood on the quarter deck of the great ship at the Brooklyn Navy Yard and presented medals of honor to each of thirteen sailors for extraordinary heroism in the line of his profession during the seizure of Vera Cruz, Mexico, on April 21, 1914. The medals were awarded to the recipients by the Secretary, who told the recipients that the medals were awarded to them for their bravery in the line of their profession during the seizure of Vera Cruz, Mexico, on April 21, 1914.

With bare head, in a gray mist that enshrouded the super-Dreadnought Florida, Josephus Daniels, Secretary of the Navy, stood on the quarter deck of the great ship at the Brooklyn Navy Yard and presented medals of honor to each of thirteen sailors for extraordinary heroism in the line of his profession during the seizure of Vera Cruz, Mexico, on April 21, 1914. The medals were awarded to the recipients by the Secretary, who told the recipients that the medals were awarded to them for their bravery in the line of their profession during the seizure of Vera Cruz, Mexico, on April 21, 1914.

With bare head, in a gray mist that enshrouded the super-Dreadnought Florida, Josephus Daniels, Secretary of the Navy, stood on the quarter deck of the great ship at the Brooklyn Navy Yard and presented medals of honor to each of thirteen sailors for extraordinary heroism in the line of his profession during the seizure of Vera Cruz, Mexico, on April 21, 1914. The medals were awarded to the recipients by the Secretary, who told the recipients that the medals were awarded to them for their bravery in the line of their profession during the seizure of Vera Cruz, Mexico, on April 21, 1914.

With bare head, in a gray mist that enshrouded the super-Dreadnought Florida, Josephus Daniels, Secretary of the Navy, stood on the quarter deck of the great ship at the Brooklyn Navy Yard and presented medals of honor to each of thirteen sailors for extraordinary heroism in the line of his profession during the seizure of Vera Cruz, Mexico, on April 21, 1914. The medals were awarded to the recipients by the Secretary, who told the recipients that the medals were awarded to them for their bravery in the line of their profession during the seizure of Vera Cruz, Mexico, on April 21, 1914.

With bare head, in a gray mist that enshrouded the super-Dreadnought Florida, Josephus Daniels, Secretary of the Navy, stood on the quarter deck of the great ship at the Brooklyn Navy Yard and presented medals of honor to each of thirteen sailors for extraordinary heroism in the line of his profession during the seizure of Vera Cruz, Mexico, on April 21, 1914. The medals were awarded to the recipients by the Secretary, who told the recipients that the medals were awarded to them for their bravery in the line of their profession during the seizure of Vera Cruz, Mexico, on April 21, 1914.

With bare head, in a gray mist that enshrouded the super-Dreadnought Florida, Josephus Daniels, Secretary of the Navy, stood on the quarter deck of the great ship at the Brooklyn Navy Yard and presented medals of honor to each of thirteen sailors for extraordinary heroism in the line of his profession during the seizure of Vera Cruz, Mexico, on April 21, 1914. The medals were awarded to the recipients by the Secretary, who told the recipients that the medals were awarded to them for their bravery in the line of their profession during the seizure of Vera Cruz, Mexico, on April 21, 1914.

With bare head, in a gray mist that enshrouded the super-Dreadnought Florida, Josephus Daniels, Secretary of the Navy, stood on the quarter deck of the great ship at the Brooklyn Navy Yard and presented medals of honor to each of thirteen sailors for extraordinary heroism in the line of his profession during the seizure of Vera Cruz, Mexico, on April 21, 1914. The medals were awarded to the recipients by the Secretary, who told the recipients that the medals were awarded to them for their bravery in the line of their profession during the seizure of Vera Cruz, Mexico, on April 21, 1914.

With bare head, in a gray mist that enshrouded the super-Dreadnought Florida, Josephus Daniels, Secretary of the Navy, stood on the quarter deck of the great ship at the Brooklyn Navy Yard and presented medals of honor to each of thirteen sailors for extraordinary heroism in the line of his profession during the seizure of Vera Cruz, Mexico, on April 21, 1914. The medals were awarded to the recipients by the Secretary, who told the recipients that the medals were awarded to them for their bravery in the line of their profession during the seizure of Vera Cruz, Mexico, on April 21, 1914.

With bare head, in a gray mist that enshrouded the super-Dreadnought Florida, Josephus Daniels, Secretary of the Navy, stood on the quarter deck of the great ship at the Brooklyn Navy Yard and presented medals of honor to each of thirteen sailors for extraordinary heroism in the line of his profession during the seizure of Vera Cruz, Mexico, on April 21, 1914. The medals were awarded to the recipients by the Secretary, who told the recipients that the medals were awarded to them for their bravery in the line of their profession during the seizure of Vera Cruz, Mexico, on April 21, 1914.

With bare head, in a gray mist that enshrouded the super-Dreadnought Florida, Josephus Daniels, Secretary of the Navy, stood on the quarter deck of the great ship at the Brooklyn Navy Yard and presented medals of honor to each of thirteen sailors for extraordinary heroism in the line of his profession during the seizure of Vera Cruz, Mexico, on April 21, 1914. The medals were awarded to the recipients by the Secretary, who told the recipients that the medals were awarded to them for their bravery in the line of their profession during the seizure of Vera Cruz, Mexico, on April 21, 1914.

With bare head, in a gray mist that enshrouded the super-Dreadnought Florida, Josephus Daniels, Secretary of the Navy, stood on the quarter deck of the great ship at the Brooklyn Navy Yard and presented medals of honor to each of thirteen sailors for extraordinary heroism in the line of his profession during the seizure of Vera Cruz, Mexico, on April 21, 1914. The medals were awarded to the recipients by the Secretary, who told the recipients that the medals were awarded to them for their bravery in the line of their profession during the seizure of Vera Cruz, Mexico, on April 21, 1914.

With bare head, in a gray mist that enshrouded the super-Dreadnought Florida, Josephus Daniels, Secretary of the Navy, stood on the quarter deck of the great ship at the Brooklyn Navy Yard and presented medals of honor to each of thirteen sailors for extraordinary heroism in the line of his profession during the seizure of Vera Cruz, Mexico, on April 21, 1914. The medals were awarded to the recipients by the Secretary, who told the recipients that the medals were awarded to them for their bravery in the line of their profession during the seizure of Vera Cruz, Mexico, on April 21, 1914.

With bare head, in a gray mist that enshrouded the super-Dreadnought Florida, Josephus Daniels, Secretary of the Navy, stood on the quarter deck of the great ship at the Brooklyn Navy Yard and presented medals of honor to each of thirteen sailors for extraordinary heroism in the line of his profession during the seizure of Vera Cruz, Mexico, on April 21, 1914. The medals were awarded to the recipients by the Secretary, who told the recipients that the medals were awarded to them for their bravery in the line of their profession during the seizure of Vera Cruz, Mexico, on April 21, 1914.

With bare head, in a gray mist that enshrouded the super-Dreadnought Florida, Josephus Daniels, Secretary of the Navy, stood on the quarter deck of the great ship at the Brooklyn Navy Yard and presented medals of honor to each of thirteen sailors for extraordinary heroism in the line of his profession during the seizure of Vera Cruz, Mexico, on April 21, 1914. The medals were awarded to the recipients by the Secretary, who told the recipients that the medals were awarded to them for their bravery in the line of their profession during the seizure of Vera Cruz, Mexico, on April 21, 1914.

With bare head, in a gray mist that enshrouded the super-Dreadnought Florida, Josephus Daniels, Secretary of the Navy, stood on the quarter deck of the great ship at the Brooklyn Navy Yard and presented medals of honor to each of thirteen sailors for extraordinary heroism in the line of his profession during the seizure of Vera Cruz, Mexico, on April 21, 1914. The medals were awarded to the recipients by the Secretary, who told the recipients that the medals were awarded to them for their bravery in the line of their profession during the seizure of Vera Cruz, Mexico, on April 21, 1914.

With bare head, in a gray mist that enshrouded the super-Dreadnought Florida, Josephus Daniels, Secretary of the Navy, stood on the quarter deck of the great ship at the Brooklyn Navy Yard and presented medals of honor to each of thirteen sailors for extraordinary heroism in the line of his profession during the seizure of Vera Cruz, Mexico, on April 21, 1914. The medals were awarded to the recipients by the Secretary, who told the recipients that the medals were awarded to them for their bravery in the line of their profession during the seizure of Vera Cruz, Mexico, on April 21, 1914.

With bare head, in a gray mist that enshrouded the super-Dreadnought Florida, Josephus Daniels, Secretary of the Navy, stood on the quarter deck of the great ship at the Brooklyn Navy Yard and presented medals of honor to each of thirteen sailors for extraordinary heroism in the line of his profession during the seizure of Vera Cruz, Mexico, on April 21, 1914. The medals were awarded to the recipients by the Secretary, who told the recipients that the medals were awarded to them for their bravery in the line of their profession during the seizure of Vera Cruz, Mexico, on April 21, 1914.

With bare head, in a gray mist that enshrouded the super-Dreadnought Florida, Josephus Daniels, Secretary of the Navy, stood on the quarter deck of the great ship at the Brooklyn Navy Yard and presented medals of honor to each of thirteen sailors for extraordinary heroism in the line of his profession during the seizure of Vera Cruz, Mexico, on April 21, 1914. The medals were awarded to the recipients by the Secretary, who told the recipients that the medals were awarded to them for their bravery in the line of their profession during the seizure of Vera Cruz, Mexico, on April 21, 1914.

With bare head, in a gray mist that enshrouded the super-Dreadnought Florida, Josephus Daniels, Secretary of the Navy, stood on the quarter deck of the great ship at the Brooklyn Navy Yard and presented medals of honor to each of thirteen sailors for extraordinary heroism in the line of his profession during the seizure of Vera Cruz, Mexico, on April 21, 1914. The medals were awarded to the recipients by the Secretary, who told the recipients that the medals were awarded to them for their bravery in the line of their profession during the seizure of Vera Cruz, Mexico, on April 21, 1914.

With bare head, in a gray mist that enshrouded the super-Dreadnought Florida, Josephus Daniels, Secretary of the Navy, stood on the quarter deck of the great ship at the Brooklyn Navy Yard and presented medals of honor to each of thirteen sailors for extraordinary heroism in the line of his profession during the seizure of Vera Cruz, Mexico, on April 21, 1914. The medals were awarded to the recipients by the Secretary, who told the recipients that the medals were awarded to them for their bravery in the line of their profession during the seizure of Vera Cruz, Mexico, on April 21, 1914.

With bare head, in a gray mist that enshrouded the super-Dreadnought Florida, Josephus Daniels, Secretary of the Navy, stood on the quarter deck of the great ship at the Brooklyn Navy Yard and presented medals of honor to each of thirteen sailors for extraordinary heroism in the line of his profession during the seizure of Vera Cruz, Mexico, on April 21, 1914. The medals were awarded to the recipients by the Secretary, who told the recipients that the medals were awarded to them for their bravery in the line of their profession during the seizure of Vera Cruz, Mexico, on April 21, 1914.

With bare head, in a gray mist that enshrouded the super-Dreadnought Florida, Josephus Daniels, Secretary of the Navy, stood on the quarter deck of the great ship at the Brooklyn Navy Yard and presented medals of honor to each of thirteen sailors for extraordinary heroism in the line of his profession during the seizure of Vera Cruz, Mexico, on April 21, 1914. The medals were awarded to the recipients by the Secretary, who told the recipients that the medals were awarded to them for their bravery in the line of their profession during the seizure of Vera Cruz, Mexico, on April 21, 1914.

With bare head, in a gray mist that enshrouded the super-Dreadnought Florida, Josephus Daniels, Secretary of the Navy, stood on the quarter deck of the great ship at the Brooklyn Navy Yard and presented medals of honor to each of thirteen sailors for extraordinary heroism in the line of his profession during the seizure of Vera Cruz, Mexico, on April 21, 1914. The medals were awarded to the recipients by the Secretary, who told the recipients that the medals were awarded to them for their bravery in the line of their profession during the seizure of Vera Cruz, Mexico, on April 21, 1914.

With bare head, in a gray mist that enshrouded the super-Dreadnought Florida, Josephus Daniels, Secretary of the Navy, stood on the quarter deck of the great ship at the Brooklyn Navy Yard and presented medals of honor to each of thirteen sailors for extraordinary heroism in the line of his profession during the seizure of Vera Cruz, Mexico, on April 21, 1914. The medals were awarded to the recipients by the Secretary, who told the recipients that the medals were awarded to them for their bravery in the line of their profession during the seizure of Vera Cruz, Mexico, on April 21, 1914.

With bare head, in a gray mist that enshrouded the super-Dreadnought Florida, Josephus Daniels, Secretary of the Navy, stood on the quarter deck of the great ship at the Brooklyn Navy Yard and presented medals of honor to each of thirteen sailors for extraordinary heroism in the line of his profession during the seizure of Vera Cruz, Mexico, on April 21, 1914. The medals were awarded to the recipients by the Secretary, who told the recipients that the medals were awarded to them for their bravery in the line of their profession during the seizure of Vera Cruz, Mexico, on April 21, 1914.

With bare head, in a gray mist that enshrouded the super-Dreadnought Florida, Josephus Daniels, Secretary of the Navy, stood on the quarter deck of the great ship at the Brooklyn Navy Yard and presented medals of honor to each of thirteen sailors for extraordinary heroism in the line of his profession during the seizure of Vera Cruz, Mexico, on April 21, 1914. The medals were awarded to the recipients by the Secretary, who told the recipients that the medals were awarded to them for their bravery in the line of their profession during the seizure of Vera Cruz, Mexico, on April 21, 1914.

With bare head, in a gray mist that enshrouded the super-Dreadnought Florida, Josephus Daniels, Secretary of the Navy, stood on the quarter deck of the great ship at the Brooklyn Navy Yard and presented medals of honor to each of thirteen sailors for extraordinary heroism in the line of his profession during the seizure of Vera Cruz, Mexico, on April 21, 1914. The medals were awarded to the recipients by the Secretary, who told the recipients that the medals were awarded to them for their bravery in the line of their profession during the seizure of Vera Cruz, Mexico, on April 21, 1914.

With bare head, in a gray mist that enshrouded the super-Dreadnought Florida, Josephus Daniels, Secretary of the Navy, stood on the quarter deck of the great ship at the Brooklyn Navy Yard and presented medals of honor to each of thirteen sailors for extraordinary heroism in the line of his profession during the seizure of Vera Cruz, Mexico, on April 21, 1914. The medals were awarded to the recipients by the Secretary, who told the recipients that the medals were awarded to them for their bravery in the line of their profession during the seizure of Vera Cruz, Mexico, on April 21, 1914.

With bare head, in a gray mist that enshrouded the super-Dreadnought Florida, Josephus Daniels, Secretary of the Navy, stood on the quarter deck of the great ship at the Brooklyn Navy Yard and presented medals of honor to each of thirteen sailors for extraordinary heroism in the line of his profession during the seizure of Vera Cruz, Mexico, on April 21, 1914. The medals were awarded to the recipients by the Secretary, who told the recipients that the medals were awarded to them for their bravery in the line of their profession during the seizure of Vera Cruz, Mexico, on April 21, 1914.

With bare head, in a gray mist that enshrouded the super-Dreadnought Florida, Josephus Daniels, Secretary of the Navy, stood on the quarter deck of the great ship at the Brooklyn Navy Yard and presented medals of honor to each of thirteen sailors for extraordinary heroism in the line of his profession during the seizure of Vera Cruz, Mexico, on April 21, 1914. The medals were awarded to the recipients by the Secretary, who told the recipients that the medals were awarded to them for their bravery in the line of their profession during the seizure of Vera Cruz, Mexico, on April 21, 1914.

With bare head, in a gray mist that enshrouded the super-Dreadnought Florida, Josephus Daniels, Secretary of the Navy, stood on the quarter deck of the great ship at the Brooklyn Navy Yard and presented medals of honor to each of thirteen sailors for extraordinary heroism in the line of his profession during the seizure of Vera Cruz, Mexico, on April 21, 1914. The medals were awarded to the recipients by the Secretary, who told the recipients that the medals were awarded to them for their bravery in the line of their profession during the seizure of Vera Cruz, Mexico, on April 21, 1914.

With bare head, in a gray mist that enshrouded the super-Dreadnought Florida, Josephus Daniels, Secretary of the Navy, stood on the quarter deck of the great ship at the Brooklyn Navy Yard and presented medals of honor to each of thirteen sailors for extraordinary heroism in the line of his profession during the seizure of Vera Cruz, Mexico, on April 21, 1914. The medals were awarded to the recipients by the Secretary, who told the recipients that the medals were awarded to them for their bravery in the line of their profession during the seizure of Vera Cruz, Mexico, on April 21, 1914.

With bare head, in a gray mist that enshrouded the super-Dreadnought Florida, Josephus Daniels, Secretary of the Navy, stood on the quarter deck of the great ship at the Brooklyn Navy Yard and presented medals of honor to each of thirteen sailors for extraordinary heroism in the line of his profession during the seizure of Vera Cruz, Mexico, on April 21, 1914. The medals were awarded to the recipients by the Secretary, who told the recipients that the medals were awarded to them for their bravery in the line of their profession during the seizure of Vera Cruz, Mexico, on April 21, 1914.

With bare head, in a gray mist that enshrouded the super-Dreadnought Florida, Josephus Daniels, Secretary of the Navy, stood on the quarter deck of the great ship at the Brooklyn Navy Yard and presented medals of honor to each of thirteen sailors for extraordinary heroism in the line of his profession during the seizure of Vera Cruz, Mexico, on April 21, 1914. The medals were awarded to the recipients by the Secretary, who told the recipients that the medals were awarded to them for their bravery in the line of their profession during the seizure of Vera Cruz, Mexico, on April 21, 1914.

With bare head, in a gray mist that enshrouded the super-Dreadnought Florida, Josephus Daniels, Secretary of the Navy, stood on the quarter deck of the great ship at the Brooklyn Navy Yard and presented medals of honor to each of thirteen sailors for extraordinary heroism in the line of his profession during the seizure of Vera Cruz, Mexico, on April 21, 1914. The medals were awarded to the recipients by the Secretary, who told the recipients that the medals were awarded to them for their bravery in the line of their profession during the seizure of Vera Cruz, Mexico, on April 21, 1914.

With bare head, in a gray mist that enshrouded the super-Dreadnought Florida, Josephus Daniels, Secretary of the Navy, stood on the quarter deck of the great ship at the Brooklyn Navy Yard and presented medals of honor to each of thirteen sailors for extraordinary heroism in the line of his profession during the seizure of Vera Cruz, Mexico, on April 21, 1914. The medals were awarded to the recipients by the Secretary, who told the recipients that the medals were awarded to them for their bravery in the line of their profession during the seizure of Vera Cruz, Mexico, on April 21, 1914.

With bare head, in a gray mist that enshrouded the super-Dreadnought Florida, Josephus Daniels, Secretary of the Navy, stood on the quarter deck of the great ship at the Brooklyn Navy Yard and presented medals of honor to each of thirteen sailors for extraordinary heroism in the line of his profession during the seizure of Vera Cruz, Mexico, on April 21, 1914. The medals were awarded to the recipients by the Secretary, who told the recipients that the medals were awarded to them for their bravery in the line of their profession during the seizure of Vera Cruz, Mexico, on April 21, 1914.

With bare head, in a gray mist that enshrouded the super-Dreadnought Florida, Josephus Daniels, Secretary of the Navy, stood on the quarter deck of the great ship at the Brooklyn Navy Yard and presented medals of honor to each of thirteen sailors for extraordinary heroism in the line of his profession during the seizure of Vera Cruz, Mexico, on April 21, 1914. The medals were awarded to the recipients by the Secretary, who told the recipients that the medals were awarded to them for their bravery in the line of their profession during the seizure of Vera Cruz, Mexico, on April 21, 1914.

With bare head, in a gray mist that enshrouded the super-Dreadnought Florida, Josephus Daniels, Secretary of the Navy, stood on the quarter deck of the great ship at the Brooklyn Navy Yard and presented medals of honor to each of thirteen sailors for extraordinary heroism in the line of his profession during the seizure of Vera Cruz, Mexico, on April 21, 1914. The medals were awarded to the recipients by the Secretary, who told the recipients that the medals were awarded to them for their bravery in the line of their profession during the seizure of Vera Cruz, Mexico, on April 21, 1914.

With bare head, in a gray mist that enshrouded the super-Dreadnought Florida, Josephus Daniels, Secretary of the Navy, stood on the quarter deck of the great ship at the Brooklyn Navy Yard and presented medals of honor to each of thirteen sailors for extraordinary heroism in the line of his profession during the seizure of Vera Cruz, Mexico, on April 21, 1914. The medals were awarded to the recipients by the Secretary, who told the recipients that the medals were awarded to them for their bravery in the line of their profession during the seizure of Vera Cruz, Mexico, on April 21, 1914.

With bare head, in a gray mist that enshrouded the super-Dreadnought Florida, Josephus Daniels, Secretary of the Navy, stood on the quarter deck of the great ship at the Brooklyn Navy Yard and presented medals of honor to each of thirteen sailors for extraordinary heroism in the line of his profession during the seizure of Vera Cruz, Mexico, on April 21, 1914. The medals were awarded to the recipients by the Secretary, who told the recipients that the medals were awarded to them for their bravery in the line of their profession during the seizure of Vera Cruz, Mexico, on April 21, 1914.

With bare head, in a gray mist that enshrouded the super-Dreadnought Florida, Josephus Daniels, Secretary of the Navy, stood on the quarter deck of the great ship at the Brooklyn Navy Yard and presented medals of honor to each of thirteen sailors for extraordinary heroism in the line of his profession during the seizure of Vera Cruz, Mexico, on April 21, 1914. The medals were awarded to the recipients by the Secretary, who told the recipients that the medals were awarded to them for their bravery in the line of their profession during the seizure of Vera Cruz, Mexico, on April 21, 1914.

With bare head, in a gray mist that enshrouded the super-Dreadnought Florida, Josephus Daniels, Secretary of the Navy, stood on the quarter deck of the great ship at the Brooklyn Navy Yard and presented medals of honor to each of thirteen sailors for extraordinary heroism in the line of his profession during the seizure of Vera Cruz, Mexico, on April 21, 1914. The medals were awarded to the recipients by the Secretary, who told the recipients that the medals were awarded to them for their bravery in the line of their profession during the seizure of Vera Cruz, Mexico, on April 21, 1914.

With bare head, in a gray mist that enshrouded the super-Dreadnought Florida, Josephus Daniels, Secretary of the Navy, stood on the quarter deck of the great ship at the Brooklyn Navy Yard and presented medals of honor to each of thirteen sailors for extraordinary heroism in the line of his profession during the seizure of Vera Cruz, Mexico, on April 21, 1914. The medals were awarded to the recipients by the Secretary, who told the recipients that the medals were awarded to them for their bravery in the line of their profession during the seizure of Vera Cruz, Mexico, on April 21, 1914.

With bare head, in a gray mist that enshrouded the super-Dreadnought Florida, Josephus Daniels, Secretary of the Navy, stood on the quarter deck of the great ship at the Brooklyn Navy Yard and presented medals of honor to each of thirteen sailors for extraordinary heroism in the line of his profession during the seizure of Vera Cruz, Mexico, on April 21, 1914. The medals were awarded to the recipients by the Secretary, who told the recipients that the medals were awarded to them for their bravery in the line of their profession during the seizure of Vera Cruz, Mexico, on April 21, 1914.

With bare head, in a gray mist that enshrouded the super-Dreadnought Florida, Josephus Daniels, Secretary of the Navy, stood on the quarter deck of the great ship at the Brooklyn Navy Yard and presented medals of honor to each of thirteen sailors for extraordinary heroism in the line of his profession during the seizure of Vera Cruz, Mexico, on April 21, 1914. The medals were awarded to the recipients by the Secretary, who told the recipients that the medals were awarded to them for their bravery in the line of their profession during the seizure of Vera Cruz, Mexico, on April 21, 1914.

With bare head, in a gray mist that enshrouded the super-Dreadnought Florida, Josephus Daniels, Secretary of the Navy, stood on the quarter deck of the great ship at the Brooklyn Navy Yard and presented medals of honor to each of thirteen sailors for extraordinary heroism in the line of his profession during the seizure of Vera Cruz, Mexico, on April 21, 1914. The medals were awarded to the recipients by the Secretary, who told the recipients that the medals were awarded to them for their bravery in the line of their profession during the seizure of Vera Cruz, Mexico, on April 21, 1914.

With bare head, in a gray mist that enshrouded the super-Dreadnought Florida, Josephus Daniels, Secretary of the Navy, stood on the quarter deck of the great ship at the Brooklyn Navy Yard and presented medals of honor to each of thirteen sailors for extraordinary heroism in the line of his profession during the seizure of Vera Cruz, Mexico, on April 21, 1914. The medals were awarded to the recipients by the Secretary, who told the recipients that the medals were awarded to them for their bravery in the line of their profession during the seizure of Vera Cruz, Mexico, on April 21, 1914.

With bare head, in a gray mist that enshrouded the super-Dreadnought Florida, Josephus Daniels, Secretary of the Navy, stood on the quarter deck of the great ship at the Brooklyn Navy Yard and presented medals of honor to each of thirteen sailors for extraordinary heroism in the line of his profession during the seizure of Vera Cruz, Mexico, on April 21, 1914. The medals were awarded to the recipients by the Secretary, who told the recipients that the medals were awarded to them for their bravery in the line of their profession during the seizure of Vera Cruz, Mexico, on April 21, 1914.

With bare head, in a gray mist that enshrouded the super-Dreadnought Florida, Josephus Daniels, Secretary of the Navy, stood on the quarter deck of the great ship at the Brooklyn Navy Yard and presented medals of honor to each of thirteen sailors for extraordinary heroism in the line of his profession during the seizure of Vera Cruz, Mexico, on April 21, 1914. The medals were awarded to the recipients by the Secretary, who told the recipients that the medals were awarded to them for their bravery in the line of their profession during the seizure of Vera Cruz, Mexico, on April 21, 1914.

With bare head, in a gray mist that enshrouded the super-Dreadnought Florida, Josephus Daniels,